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TO: Andrew D Kosar

Location: REM/3C04/3C18

Art Unit: 1654

Monday, October 18, 2004

Case Serial Number: 10/777179

From: Deirdre Arnold

Location: Biotech-Chem Library

REM 1A64

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Regards,

Deirdre Arnold





Kosar 10/777,179

=> fil zcaplus

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 18 Oct 2004 VOL 141 ISS 17 FILE LAST UPDATED: 17 Oct 2004 (20041017/ED)

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FILE 'CONFSCI' ENTERED AT 09:30:53 ON 18 OCT 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 Cambridge Scientific Abstracts (CSA)

FILE COVERS 1973 TO 23 Sep 2004 (20040923/ED)

=> fil kosmet

FILE 'KOSMET' ENTERED AT 09:30:57 ON 18 OCT 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 International Federation of the Societies of Cosmetics Chemists

FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 OCT 2004

<20041004/UP>

FILE COVERS 1968 TO DATE.

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(FILE 'HCAPLUS, BIOSIS, JICST-EPLUS, PASCAL, WPIX, CONFSCI, KOSMET' ENTERED AT 09:23:16 ON 18 OCT 2004)

=> d que 118 1064 SEA HANABUSA/AU OR "HANABUSA K"/AU OR "HANABUSA KENJI"/AU Ľб 19405 SEA SUZUKI/AU OR ("SUZUKI M"/AU OR "SUZUKI M F"/AU OR "SUZUKI Ļ7 M G"/AU OR "SUZUKI M K"/AU OR "SUZUKI M M"/AU OR "SUZUKI M N"/AU OR "SUZUKI M R"/AU OR "SUZUKI M S"/AU) OR "SUZUKI MASAHIRO"/AU 228747 SEA ?PERFUM? OR ?COSMET? L9 71 SEA (L6 OR L7) AND L9 L10754 SEA (L6 OR L7) AND GEL? L14L15 39 SEA (L6 OR L7) AND (HYDROGEL? OR AEROGEL?) 14 SEA (L14 OR L15) AND L10 L17 14 DUP REM L17 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED) 1.18

=> d ibib abs 1-14
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS, JICST-EPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L18 ANSWER 1 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:781929 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:282448

TITLE:

Topical preparations containing

cyclo(aspartylphenylalanyl) dimethylpolysiloxane or

heptamethyltrisiloxane derivatives as gelling

agents

INVENTOR(S):

Yoshida, Kunihiko; Yoshida, Katsunori; Tomomasa,

Akira; Hanabusa, Kenji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004262859	A2	20040924	JP 2003-55603	20030303
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-55603	20030303
AP Tonical propps	a male		boin manne etc	

P AB Topical prepns., e.g. makeup cosmetics, hair prepns., etc., contain RSiMe2O(SiMe2O) nSiMe2R [R = Q (m = 2-20); n = 7-900], Me3SiOSiMeR1OSiMe2R2 (one of R1 and R2 = Q and the other = Me) (I) and optionally ≥1 selected from Me3SiO(SiMe2O)xSiMe3 (x = 2-800), cyclosiloxanes II, c[SiO(R3)(R4)]y (R3, R4 = H, C1-6 alkyl; y = 3-7), and Me3SiO(SiMeR5O) zSiMe3 (R5 = C6-18 alkyl; z = 1, 2). Silicone oils are stably gelled using the gelling agents without restriction of compounding ingredients. Thus, I (R1 = Me, R2 = Q, m = 11) (III, preparation given) showed good gelling ability to dimethylpolysiloxane, decamethylcyclopentasiloxane, and alkyl-modified silicone. A lipstick containing III and polysiloxanes was formulated.

L18 ANSWER 2 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2004:778901 HCAPLUS

141:277764

TITLE:

Preparation of dimethylpolysiloxane or

heptamethyltrisiloxane cyclo(aspartylphenylalanyl)

derivatives as gelling agents for silicone

INVENTOR(S):

Hanabusa, Kenji; Kato, Takashi

Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
JP 2004262858	A2	20040924	JP 2003-55602	20030303			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-55602	20030303			
GT							

AB RSiMe2O(SiMe2O)nSiMe2R [(1); R = (I) (m = 2-20); n = 7-900] and Me3SiOSiMeR1OSiMe2R2 (R1 and R2 = I, Me) (2) were prepared 1 And 2 gave stable gels of oils, especially silicone oils, without restriction of compounding ingredients and are useful for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals. Thus, 2 (R1 = Me, R2 = I, m = 11) ((3), preparation given) showed good gelling ability with dimethylpolysiloxane, decamethylcyclopentasiloxane, and alkyl-modified silicone.

L18 ANSWER 3 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:781928 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:282447

TITLE:

Topical preparations containing N-acylisoleucinamide

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

heptamethyltrisiloxane derivatives as gelling

agents

INVENTOR(S):

Yoshida, Kunihiko; Yoshida, Katsunori; Tomomasa,

Akira; Hanabusa, Kenji Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DATE

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

KIND

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

	JP 2004262857	A2	20040924	JP 2003-55601	20030303
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-55601	
AB				s , hair prepns., etc.	
	contain Me3SiOSiMe2	OSiMe2R	21 (R1 = Q;	R2 = C4-30 alkyl; m =	: 2-20) (I) or
	Me3SiOSiMeR1OSiMe3	(R1 = Q)) and optio	nally ≥1 selected fro	om
				losiloxanes II,c[SiO(
	R4 = H, $C1-6$ alkyl;	y = 3 -	7), and Me3	SiO(SiMeR5O)zSiMe3 (R	25 = C6-18 alkyl;
	z = 1, 2). Silicon	e oils	are stably	gelled using the	
	gelling agents with	out res	triction of	compounding ingredie	ents.
	Thus, I $(R2 = C18H3)$	7, m =	4) (III, pr	eparation given) show	red good
	gelling ability to	dimethy	lpolysiloxa	ne,	
	decamethylcyclopent	asiloxā	ine, and alk	yl-modified silicone.	A lipstick
	containing III and				
	<u>-</u>				

L18 ANSWER 4 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:778900 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

141:277763

Preparation of N-acylisoleucinamideheptamethyltrisilox

ane derivatives as gelling agents for

silicone oils

INVENTOR(S):

Hanabusa, Kenji; Kato, Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
JP 2004262856	A2	20040924	JP 2003-55600	20030303		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-55600	20030303		
GI						

Ι

ΔR Me3SiOSiMeROSiMe2R2 ((1); where R and R1 = (I), Me; R2 = C4-30 alkyl; m =2-20) were prepared 1 Gave stable gels of oils, especially silicone oils, without restriction of compounding ingredients and are useful for preparation of cosmetics and pharmaceuticals. Thus, 1 (R = Me, R1 = I, R2 = C18H37, m = 4) ((2), preparation given) showed good gelling ability to dimethylpolysiloxane, decamethylcyclopentasiloxane, and alkyl-modified silicone. A lipstick containing 2 and polysiloxanes was formulated.

L18 ANSWER 5 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:529760 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:72377

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Valinamide-terminated polysiloxanes as gelling

agents for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals

INVENTOR(S):

Hanabusa, Kenji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2004182697 A2 20040702 JP 2002-354443 20021205 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-354443 20021205 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:72377

R1SiMe2O(SiMe2O) nSiMe2R1 [I; R1 = CH2(CH2)mCONHCH(CHMe2)CONHR2-(S); R2 =C4-30 alkyl; m = 1-20; n = 4-900], useful for gelation of silicone oils, are claimed. Thus, hydrosilylation of N-4-pentencyl-Lvalylaminooctadecane (preparation given) with H-terminated di-Me polysiloxane gave I (R2 = octadecyl, m = 3, n = 80), which was added to di-Me polysiloxane, decamethylcyclopentasiloxane, and alkyl-modified silicone to show excellent gelation.

L18 ANSWER 6 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:533150 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:76402

TITLE:

Valinamide-terminated polysiloxanes as gelling

agents for cosmetics

INVENTOR(S):

Yoshida, Kunihiko; Kaneda, Isamu; Hanabusa,

Kenji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ---------------JP 2004182696 A2 20021205 20040702 JP 2002-354442 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-354442 Siloxanes, R1SiMe2O(SiMe2O)nSiMe2R1 [I; R1 = CH2(CH2)mCONHCH(CHMe2)CONHR2-(S); R2 = C4-30 alkyl; m = 1-20; n = 4-900], useful for **gelation** of silicone oils in formulating cosmetics and hair prepns., are claimed. Thus, hydrosilylation of N-4-pentencyl-L-valylaminoctadecane with H-terminated di-Me polysiloxane gave I (R2 = octadecyl, m = 3, n =80), which was added to di-Me polysiloxane, decamethylcyclopentasiloxane, and alkyl-modified silicone to show excellent gelation. Also, a cream was prepared containing the above product 1, dimethylpolysiloxane 4, decamethylcyclopentasiloxane 20, trimethylsiloxysilicic acid 3, polyoxyethylene-methylpolysiloxane copolymer 3, dipropylene glycol 3, cetyl 2-ethylhexanoate 1, silicone-coated zinc oxide particles 10, talc 1, silicone-coated titania particles 7, paraben q.s., phenoxyethanol q.s., trisodium edetate 1, poly(Me methacrylate) powder 3, perfumes q.s., and distilled water balance to 100 %.

L18 ANSWER 7 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:529759 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:94003

TITLE:

Isoleucine siloxane derivatives and their use for

thickening and gelling agents

INVENTOR(S):

Tomomasa, Akira; Yoshida, Mari; Kato, Takashi;

Mizushita, Michio; Suzuki, Yuki; Hanabusa,

Kenji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE APPLICATION NO. --------------JP 2004182695 A2 20040702 JP 2002-354437 20021205 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-354437 20021205 Isoleucine siloxane derivs. PhCH2OCONHCH(CHMeEt)CONHR(SiMe2O)nSiMe3 [I; R = C6-22 alkylene, alkenylene; n (average d.p. of dimethylsiloxy groups) = 0-5] are useful for thickening and gelling agents, especially, for gelling of silicone oils for cosmetics, etc. Reaction of N-benzyloxycarbonyl-L-isoleucine with 8-(1,1,3,3,3pentamethyldisiloxy)octylamine (preparation given) in CH2Cl2 in the presence of 4-dimethylaminopyridine and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide-HCl to give I [R = (CH2)8, n = 1] (II). II was added to decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (silicone oil) to form a transparent gel having a cream-like texture at the min. gelling concentration of 4.0 g II/L.

L18 ANSWER 8 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:529758 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:94002

TITLE:

Cosmetics containing silicone derivatives as

gelation agents for silicone oils

INVENTOR(S):

Tomomasa, Akira; Yoshida, Mari; Kato, Takashi; Mizoshita, Norihiro; Suzuki, Yuki; Hanabusa,

Kenji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
	JP 2004182694	A2	20040702	JP 2002-354436	20021205		
	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-354436	20021205		
	OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	141:94002				

AB Silicone derivs. containing amide group, ureide group, or TMS-terminated dimethylpolysiloxane group, stabilize silicone oils in cosmetic compns. For example, (1R,2R)-(-)-1,2-diaminocyclohexane was treated with 11-(1,1,3,3,3-pentamethyldisiloxy) undecanoic acid in CH2Cl2 in the presence of EDC to give an amide group-containing siloxane. The product was effective in gelation of dimethylpolysiloxane, decamethylcyclopentasiloxane, and heptamethyloctyltrisiloxane.

L18 ANSWER 9 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:529757 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:94001

TITLE:

Silicone derivatives as gelation agents for

silicone oils in cosmetics

INVENTOR(S):

Tomomasa, Akira; Yoshida, Mari; Kato, Takashi; Mizoshita, Tomohiro; Suzuki, Yuki; Hanabusa,

Kenji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
					
	JP 2004182693	A2	20040702	JP 2002-354435	20021205
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-354435	20021205
AB				amine group or isoleuci	ine group,
	stabilize silicone	oils in	cosmetic co	mpns. For example,	
				treated with $11-(1,1,3)$	
	pentamethyldisiloxy) undeca	moic acid in	CH2Cl2 in the presence	of EDC to
	give a product, whi	ch was	effective in	gelation of	
	dimethylpolysiloxan				
	heptamethyloctyltri			,	
	1102 came only 1000 / 2011				

L18 ANSWER 10 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:529756 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:94000

TITLE:

Cyclohexanediamine siloxane derivatives and their use

for thickening and gelling agents

INVENTOR(S):

Tomomasa, Akira; Yoshida, Mari; Kato, Takashi; Mizoshita, Tomohiro; Suzuki, Yuki; Hanabusa,

rand d

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
JP 2004182692 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(S): GI	A2 MARPAT	20040702	JP 2002-354434 JP 2002-354434	20021205	

AB Cyclohexanediamine siloxane derivs. I [R = C6-22 alkylene, alkenylene; n (average d.p. of dimethylsiloxy groups) = 0-5] are useful for thickening and gelling agents, especially, for gelling of silicone oils for cosmetics, etc. Reaction of (1R,2R)-(-)-1,2-diaminocyclohexane with 11-[1,1,3,3,3-pentamethyldisiloxy]undecanoic acid (preparation given) in CH2Cl2 in the presence of 4-dimethylaminopyridine and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide-HCl to give I [R = (CH2)10, n = 1] (II). II was added to decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (silicone oil) to form a transparent gel having a cream-like texture at the min. gelling concentration of 3.1 g II/L.

19970305

L18 ANSWER 11 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:599614 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:280761

CODEN: JKXXAF

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Cyclodipeptides as **gelation** agents **Hanabusa**, **Kenji**; Matsumoto, Mitsuyoshi;

Shirai, Hiroyoshi; Iyanagi, Koichi

Kosar 10/777,179

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pola Chemical Industries, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
Δ2	19980914	TD 1997-67217	19970305

JP 1997-67217

JP 10245315
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 129:280761

AB Cyclodipeptides are used for **gelation** of oils and liqs. in **cosmetics**, pharmaceuticals, and food areas. The cyclodipeptides are stable at .apprx.40° and easy to use at 5-10°. A foundation contained glyceryl tri(isooctanoate) 10, jojoba oil 10, dimethicone 10, carnauba wax 10, cyclo(phenylalanylleucine) 1, mica 19, talc 10, titania 10, yellow iron oxide 5, red iron oxide 2, and nylon powder 13 parts.

L18 ANSWER 12 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:586300 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:280780

TITLE:

Stabilizing compositions containing 1,2-bis(acylamino)cyclohexanes for food,

cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, etc.

INVENTOR(S):

Hanabusa, Kenji; Yamada, Manabu; Shirai,

Hiroyoshi; Iyanagi, Koichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pola Chemical Industries, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent

DAMITY AGG A

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE

JP 10237034	A2	19980908	JP 1997-55609	19970224
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-55609	19970224
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	129:280780		
GI				

AB Compns. containing the title compds. I (R = linear or branched alkyl, alkenyl, which may contain cyclic structure) are useful as stabilizing agents for

oil-containing food, cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals because of their gelling property to liquid paraffin, squalane, dimethicone, etc. Addition of cis-I (R = stearoyl) (preparation given) to a foundation improved quality (spreadability over skin, etc.) at 5°.

L18 ANSWER 13 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:579868 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:249977

TITLE:

Tris-[(N-alkylamino)carbonyl]benzenes as

gelling agents

CODEN: JKXXAF

INVENTOR(S):

Hanabusa, Kenji; Kofuji, Chiemi; Shirai,

Hiroyoshi; Iyanagi, Koichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pola Chemical Industries, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10231465	A2	19980902	JP 1997-49830	19970218
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-49830	19970218
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	129:249977		
AB The title compds.	which ar	e stable at	apprx 40° and easy to	annly

title compds. which are stable at .apprx.40° and easy to apply at 5-10° are used in compns. for cosmetics, drugs, and foods for gelation and to increase the viscosity of liqs. and oils. 1,3,5-Tris-[(N-stearylamino)carbonyl]benzene was used in formulating a foundation, which was stable during storage for 3 mo at 40° and applied well on the skin at 5°.

L18 ANSWER 14 OF 14 JICST-EPlus COPYRIGHT 2004 JST on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1040466293 JICST-EPlus

TITLE:

Development and application of low-moleculer gelatinizers corresponding to various needs.

AUTHOR:

HANABUSA KENJI

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Shinshu Univ., Graduate School, JPN

SOURCE:

Mirai Zairyo (Expected Materials for the Future), (2004) vol. 4, no. 6, pp. 8-15. Journal Code: L4328A (Fig. 7, Tbl.

5, Ref. 14)

ISSN: 1346-0986

PUB. COUNTRY:

Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Commentary

LANGUAGE: Japanese

STATUS: New

When a low molecular weight compound is dissolved by heating and the solution is cooled down, though it is quite rare, but in some case, a physically soft gel is formed during the radiative cooling process. A low molecular weight compound which can turn solvent into gel by the formation of physical gel is called gelatinizer. The gelation by low molecular weight compound progresses as follows: hrough self-associating by noncovalent bonds like hydrogen bond, the molecule forms fibrous associations and finally incorporates solvent molecules into the three-dimensional network structure. It can make gel by an addition of several % and possesses the features of forming a heat reversible gel; low-moleculer gelatinizers have various needs such as cosmetic, medical and coating materials.

=> FIL STNGUIDE

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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Oct 15, 2004 (20041015/UP).

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10/18/2004

fil lreq

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:05:22 ON 18 OCT 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 1985 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

LREGISTRY IS A STATIC LEARNING FILE

=> fil reg

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 17 OCT 2004 HIGHEST RN 764629-70-1 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 17 OCT 2004 HIGHEST RN 764629-70-1

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> fil marpat

ILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 09:05:14 ON 18 OCT 2004
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FILE CONTENT: 1988-PRESENT (VOL 141 ISS 16) (20041015/ED)

MOST RECENT CITATIONS FOR PATENTS FROM FIVE MAJOR ISSUING AGENCIES (COVERAGE TO THESE DATES IS NOT COMPLETE):

US 6777535 17 AUG 2004
DE 10305225 19 AUG 2004
EP 1450004 25 AUG 2004
JP 2004228467 12 AUG 2004
WO 2004073375 02 SEP 2004

Structure search limits have been raised. See HELP SLIMIT for the new, higher limits.

=> file stnguide

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:05:18 ON 18 OCT 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, JAPAN SCIENCE

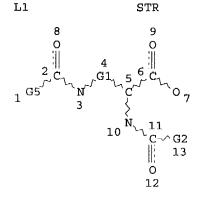
AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND FACHINFORMATIONSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.

LAST RELOADED: Oct 15, 2004 (20041015/UP).

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=> d que 15



REP G1 = (1-6) C

VAR G2=14/36

REP G3 = (1-6) C

REP G4 = (1-6) C

VAR G5=CB/AK

VAR G6=CB/AK

VAR G7=CB/AK

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 7 NSPEC IS RC AT 21

NSPEC IS RC AT 34

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

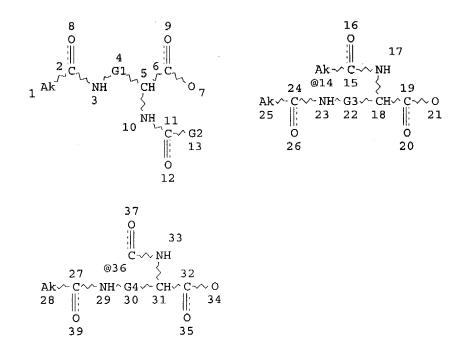
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 38

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L2

STR



REP G1=(2-4) CH2 VAR G2=14/36 REP G3=(2-4) CH2 REP G4=(2-4) CH2 NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 38

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L3 (188) SEA FILE=MARPAT SSS FUL L1

L4 150 SEA FILE=MARPAT SUB=L3 SSS FUL L2

L5 1 SEA FILE=MARPAT ABB=ON PLU=ON L4/COMPLETE

=> d ibib abs hit
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'MARPAT' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 1 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

136:247832 MARPAT

TITLE:

Preparation of sialic acid dendrimers as multivalent neuraminidase inhibitors and anti-influenza agents

INVENTOR(S):

Wu, Wen-Yang; Dowle, Michael Dennis; Jin, Betty; Macdonald, Simon John Fawcett; Mason, Andrew

McMurtrie; McConnell, Darryl; Watson, Keith

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Biota Scientific Management Pty. Ltd., Australia

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 85 pp.

DOCUMENTO MUDE

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

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LANGUAGE:
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English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE														
	MO	2002	0205	 14					WO 2001-AU1128 20010907									
															BZ,		CH,	CN.
															GB,			
															KZ,			
															NO,			
															TT,			
															RU,			
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LŞ,	MW,	ΜZ,	ŞD,	ŞL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
															PT,			
			ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG	•
	ΑU	2001	0856	01	Α	5 .	2002	0322	AU 2001-85601 20010907									
	ΕP	1315	719		Α	1 :	2003	0604		E	P 20	01-9	5475!	5	20010	907		
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FΙ,	RO,	MK,	CY,	ΑL,	TR						
	BR	2001	0137	55	Α		2003	0708		Bl	R 20	01-1	3755		20010	907		
	JΡ	2004	5075	64	T	2	2004	0311		J:	P 20	02-5	2513	5	2001	907		
	US	2004	0588	53	A	1	2004	0325		U	S 20	03-3	53988	8	20033	L014		
PRIO	ZIT.	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					Al	J 20	00-1	C		20000	908		
										W	20	01-A	J1128	8	20010	907		
GT																		

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The invention relates to a dendrimer compds. I in which: X is O or CH; R2 AB is azido, hydroxy, guanidino, amino, amidine, imidate; R2 is acyl or sulfonyl; Y is O, substituted amine; CG is a core group selected from an optionally substituted cyclic, straight or branched group or a combination thereof having from 1 to 200 atoms in its backbone, in which the backbone atoms are selected from C, N, O and S; and L is a linking group of from 0 to 20 backbone atoms, in which the backbone and terminal atoms are selected from C, N, O and S; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof which comprises three or more neuraminidase-binding groups attached to a spacer or linking group, in which the neuraminidase-binding group is a compound which binds to the active site of influenza virus neuraminidase, but is not cleaved by the neuraminidase. The invention also relates to processes for the preparation of the multimeric compound defined

above, pharmaceutical compns. containing them or methods for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a viral infection involving them. Thus, dendrimer II.3CF3CO2H salt [R1 = guanidino, R2 = acetyl, Y = O, L = CON(CH2)6] was prepared and tested in mice as neuraminidase inhibitor and anti-influenza agent (dose = 0.01-1 mg/kg). 5

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

MSTR 1A

G16-G14 411 412

G11 =
$$alkyl < (1-6) >$$

G12 = $0 / NH / 81$

N----G11

N-----G11

G15 = C(0) / C(S) / S(0) / S02

G16 = S(O) / SO2

G17 = O / 98-73 99-35 / NH / 100 / 102-73 104-35 / 106-73 108-35 / 110-73 112-35 / 113-73 114-35 / 413-73 414-35

G16-G14 413 414

G18 = O / 115-73 116-51 / NH / 117 / 119-73 121-51 / 123-73 125-51 / 127-73 129-51 / 130-73 131-51 / 415-73 416-51

G16-G14

G19 = R<TX "linking group"> / 136-74 137-133 / (EX 339-133 342-74)

$$\begin{array}{c} {}_{3}C\left(O\right)\cdot CH_{2}-CH_{2} \left[\begin{array}{c} NH - C\left(O\right)\cdot CH_{2}-CH_{2} \right] N - \left[\begin{array}{c} CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-C\left(O\right) - CH_{2}-CH_{2} \end{array}\right] N - \left[\begin{array}{c} CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2} \end{array}\right] N - \left[\begin{array}{c} CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2} \end{array}\right] N - \left[\begin{array}{c} CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2} \end{array}\right] N - \left[\begin{array}{c} CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2} \end{array}\right] N - \left[\begin{array}{c} CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH_{2} \end{array}\right] N - \left[\begin{array}{c} CH_{2}-CH$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R & R \\ | & \\ NH - CH_2 - N - R \\ NH - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - C \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R \\
 & \downarrow \\
 & \text{CH}_2 \\
 & N \\
 & 2 \\
 & 3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & \text{CH}_2 \\
 & \text{CH}_2 \\
 & 387
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & \text{CH}_2 \\
 & 387
\end{array}$$

G24 = (1-4) CH2

= arylene / heteroarylene / cycloalkyl<(3-10)> / G25 Hy<(1-10)>/alkylene<(1-10)>(SO)/

alkenylene<(3-10)> (SO) / alkynylene<(3-10)> (SO) /

R<TX " divalent alternatives"> / (EX CH2CH2)

= OH / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
154 / 398 / 400 / 404 / 407 / 419 G26

G27 = NULL / R<TX "linking group"> / 157-151 158-155

HN----G20 157 158

G29 = O / 159-154 160-186 / NH / 161 / 163-154 165-186 / 167-154 169-186 / 171-154 173-186 / 174-154 175-186 / 417-154 418-186

G16-G14 417 418

G30 = NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)>
G31 = S / S(O)
G32 = R / OH
G33 = H / OH
G34 = 247 / H

C(O)-G32

=>

MPL: claim 6

NTE: or pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives

NTE: substitution is restricted

STE: and/or isomers